

TDA4601

SWITCH-MODE POWER SUPPLY CONTROLLER

- LOW START-UP CURRENT
- DIRECT CONTROL OF SWITCHING TRAN-SISTOR
- COLLECTOR CURRENT PROPORTIONAL TO BASE-CURRENT INPUT
- REVERSE-GOING LINEAR OVERLOAD CHARACTERISTIC CURVE



DESCRIPTION

The TDA4601 is a monolithic integrated circuit desi-gned to regulate and control the switching transistor in a switching power supply.

Because of its wide operational range and high vol-tage stability even at high load changes, this IC can be used not only in TV receivers and video recorders but also in power supplies in Hi-Fi sets and active speakers.

PIN CONNECTIONS



BLOCK DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V9	Supply Voltage	20	V
V ₁	Reference Output	6	V
V ₂	Identification Input	- 0.6, 0.6	V
V ₃	Controlled Amplifier	3	V
V4, V5		8	V
V7, V8		V9	
I ₂ , I ₃		- 3, 3	mA
I ₄		5	mA
I ₅		5	mA
I ₇		1.5	А
l ₈		– 1.5	А
Toper	Operating Ambient Temperature	0, 85	°C
T _{stg}	Storage Temperature	- 40, 150	°C
Tj	Junction Temperature	- 40, 125	°C

THERMAL DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit] _
R _{th (j-c)}	Thermal Resistance Junction-pins Max.	15	°C/W	
R _{th (j–a)}	Thermal Resistance Junction–ambient Max.	70	°C/W	46.01

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_{amb} = 25°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V9	Operating Supply Voltage Range		7.8		18	V
START CO						
lg	Supply Current (V ₁ not yet switched on)	V ₉ = 2 V V ₉ = 5 V V ₉ = 10 V		1.5 2.4	0.5 2.0 3.2	mA mA mA
V9	Switch Threshold (V ₁)		11	11.8	12.3	V



Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit			
NORMAL OPERATION (V ₉ = 10V, V _{cont} = $-10V$, V _{clock} = $\pm 0.5V$, f = 20kHz, duty cycle 1:2 after switch on)									
l ₉	Supply Current	$V_{cont} = -10V$ $V_{cont} = 0V$	110 50	135 75	160 100	mA mA			
V _{ref}	Voltage Reference at Pin 1	I ₁ < 0.1mA I ₁ = 5mA	44	4.2 4.2	4.5 4.4	V V			
V ₃	Control Voltage	$V_{cont} = 0V$	2.3	2.6	2.9	V			
V4	Collector Current Simulation Voltage	V _{cont} = 0V, see note 1	1.8	2.2	2.5	V			
ΔV_4	Collector Current Simulation Voltage	$V_{cont} = 0V$ to $-10V$, see note 1	0.3	0.4	0.5	V			
V5	External Protection Threshold		6	7	8	V			
V7	Pin 7 Output Voltage	V _{cont} = 0V, see note 1	2.7	3.3	4.0	V			
V ₈	Pin 8 output Voltage	V _{cont} = 0V, see note 1	2.7	3.4	4.0	V			
ΔV_8	Pin 8 Output Voltage Change	$V_{cont} = 0V$ to $-10V$, see note 1	1.6	2	2.4	V			
V ₂	Feedback Voltage	see note 1		0.2		V			
T _{K1}	Reference Voltage Temperature Coefficient			10 ⁻³		1/ºK			
2 POTECTION OPERATION (//, 10//,)/ = 10//,)/ = + 0.5//, f = 20//Hz + duty cycle (1, 2)									

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_{amb} = 25°C) (continued)

 $\label{eq:protection} \text{PROTECTION OPERATION (V_9 = 10V \ ; \ V_{cont} = -10V \ ; \ V_{clock} = \pm \ 0.5V \ ; \ f = 20 \text{kHz} \ ; \ duty \ cycle \ 1 \ : 2)$

I 9	Supply Current	$V_5 \leq 1.8 \text{ V}$	14	22	28	mA
V ₇	Switch-off Voltage	$V_5 \leq 1.8 \text{ V}$	1.3	1.5	1.8	V
V4	Switch-off Voltage	$V_5 \leq 1.8 \text{ V}$	1.8	2.1	2.5	V
V ₅	Blocking Voltage	V _{cont} = 0 V	$\frac{V_1}{2} - 0.1$	$\frac{V_1}{2}$		V
V ₉	Supply Voltage for V ₈ Blocked	$V_{cont} = 0 V$	6.7	7.4	7.8	V
ΔV ₉	Supply Voltage for V ₁ off While Further Decreasing V ₉		0.3	0.6	1	V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (according to test circuit of fig. 2)

t _{on}	Secondary Voltage Switching Time			350	450	ms
ΔV_2	Voltage Variation with Load	S_3 Closed, $P_3 = 20$ W		0.1	0.5	V
		S ₂ Closed, P ₂ = 15 W		0.5	1	V
ΔV_2	Stand by Condition	S ₁ Open P _{load} = 3 W		20	30	V
f	Stand by Frequency		70	75		kHz
P _P	Primary Power Consumption in Stand by Condition			10	12	VA

Note 1 : Only DC component





Test Diagram : Overload Operation





TDA4601





(1) C limits the max. collector current of BU508 at overshooting the permissible output power.

(2) Adjustement of secondary voltage.

(3) Must be discharged before IC change.



CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The TDA 4601 regulates, controls, and protects the switching transistor in reverse converter power supplies at starting, normal, and overload operation.

Starting Behaviour

During the start-up, three consecutive operation states are passed.

- 1. An internal reference voltage is built up which supplies the voltage regulator and enables the supply to the coupling electrolytic capacitor and the switching transistor. Up to a supply voltage of $V_9 \approx 12V$, the current I_9 is less than 3.2mA.
- 2. Release of the internal reference voltage $V_1 = 4V$. This voltage is abruptly available when $V_9 \approx 12V$ and enables all parts of the IC to be supplied from the control logic with a thermally stable and overload protected current supply.
- 3. Release of control logic. As soon as the reference voltage is available, the control logic is switched on through an additional stabilization circuit. Thus, the IC is ready for operation.

This start-up sequence is necessary to guarantee the supply through the coupling electrolytic capacitor to the switching transistor. Correct switching of the transistor is only guaranteed in this way.

Normal Operation

Zero crossing of the feedback coil is registered at pin 2 and passed to the control logic.

At pin 3 (regulation of input, overload, and standby recognition) the rectified amplitude variations of the feedback coil are applied. The regulating amplifier works with an input voltage of about 2V and a current of about 1.4 mA.

Together with the collector current simulation pin 4, the overload recognition defines the operating region of the regulating amplifier depending on the internal reference voltage. The simulation of the collector current is generated by an external RC network at pin 4 and internally set threshold voltages. By increasing the capacitance (10nF) the max. collector current of the switching transistor rises, thus setting the required operating range. The extent of the regulation lies between a 2V clamped DC voltage and an AC voltage rising in a sawtooth waveform, which may vary up to a maximum amplitude of 4V (ref. voltage).

A reduction of the secondary load down to 20 watts causes the switching frequency to rise to about 50kHz at an almost constant pulse duty factor (period to on-time approx. 3). A further reduction of the secondary load down to about 1 watt results in changing the switching frequency to approx. 70kHz, and additionally the pulse duty factor rises to approx. 11. At the same time the collector peak current falls below 1A.

In the trigger the output level of the regulating amplifier, the overload recognition, and the collector current simulation are compared and instructions are given to the control logic. There is an additional triggering and blocking possibility by means of pin 5. The output at pin 8 is blocked at a voltage of less than 2.2V at pin 5.

Depending on the start-up circuit, the zero crossing identification, and the release with the aid of the trigger, the control logic flip flops are set which control the base current amplifier and the base current shut-down. The base current amplifier moves the sawtooth voltage V₄ to pin 8. A current feed-back having an external resistance of R = 0.68Ω is inserted between pin 8 and pin 7. The resistance value determines the maximum amplitude of the base driving current for the switching transistor.

Protective Measures

The base current shut-down, released by the control logic, clamps the output of pin 7 at 1.6V and thus blocks driving of the switching transistor. This protective measure will be released if the voltage at pin 9 reaches a value \leq typ. 7.4V or if voltages of \leq typ. 2.2V occur at pin 5. In the case of a short circuit of the secondary windings of the P.S.U., the IC continuously monitors the fault condition.

With the load completely removed from the secondary winding of the P.S.U., the IC is set to a low pulse duty factor. The total power consumption of the P.S.U. is held below 6 to 10 watts in both operating conditions. After having blocked the output, caused at a supply voltage \leq typ. 7.4V, a further voltage reduction with $\Delta V_9 = 0.6V$ results in switching off the reference voltage (4V).



TDA4601









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PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

9 PINS - PLASTIC SIP



Dimensions		Millimeters Inches			Millimeters Inches				
Dimensions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.			
A			7.1			0.280			
a1	2.7		3	0.106		0.118			
В			24.8			0.976			
b1		0.5			0.020				
b3	0.85		1.6	0.033		0.063			
С		3.3			0.130				
c1		0.43			0.017				
c2		1.32			0.052				
D			21.2			0.835			
d1		14.5			0.571				
е		2.54			0.100				
e3		20.32			0.800				
L	3.1			0.122					
L1		3			0.118				
L2		17.6			0.693				
L3			0.25			0.010			
М		3.2			0.126		Ē		
N		1			0.039		SIP9.		



PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

18 PINS - PLASTIC POWERDIP



Dimonsions		Millimeters			Inches	
Dimensions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
a1	0.51			0.020		
В	0.85		1.4	0.033		0.055
b		0.5			0.020	
b1	0.38		0.5	0.015		0.020
D			24.8			0.976
E		8.8			0.346	
е		2.54			0.100	
e3		20.32			0.800	
F			7.1			0.280
i			5.1			0.201
L		3.3			0.130	
Z			2.54			0.100

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