

WOOFER 15WS600

15" Woofer for low and mid bass professional sound reinforcement, offering high power capacity, outstanding low end response and exceptionally smooth transition into the vocal range. This new design is capable of handling up to 1,200 Watts Continous Music.

The 15WS600 is ideal for side fill as well as front of house cabinets. This woofer exhibits outstanding acoustics with work horse construction. Designed for smaller enclosures, the 15WS600 is a versatile, high performance woofer. General construction includes a sturdy cast frame, an impregnated cloth surround, impregnated long fiber paper cone and stable double spider.

The 15WS600 woofer incorporates, a large magnetic assembly central hole and 6 windows on the frame which increases heat dissipation and reduces operating temperature increasing the output power with reduced power compression.

SPECIFICATIONS
Nominal diameter

mm (in)
W
W
W
W
dB SPL
dB
dB
dB
Hz

¹ Power handling specifications refer to normal speech and/or music program material, reproduced by an amplifier producing no more than 5% distortion. Power is calculated as true RMS voltage squared divided by the nominal impedance of the loudspeaker.

² NBR Standard (10,303 Brasilian Standard). ³ AES Standard (60 - 600 Hz).

THIELE-SMALL PARAMETERS

Fs35	Hz
Vas	I(ft ³)
Qts	` '
Qes	
Qms	
o (half space)	%
Sd	m² (in²)
Vd (Sd x Xmax)	cm ³ (in ³)
Xmax (max. excursion (peak) with 10% distortion) 3,75 (0.15)	mm (in)
Xlim (max.excursion (peak) before physical damage) . 21 (0.82)	mm (in)
Atmospharia conditions at TC nevernator massurements.	
Atmospheric conditions at TS parameter measurements:	
Temperature24 (75)	°C (°F)
Atmospheric pressure	mb
Humidity 63	0/_

Thiele-Small parameters are measured after a 2-hour power test using halfAES power. A variation of ±15% is allowed.

ADDITIONAL PARAMETERS

L	9.1 Tm
Flux density	
Voice coil diameter	
Voice coil winding length	
Wire temperature coefficient of resistance () 0.003	
Maximum voice coil operating temperature237 (4	
vc (max.voice coil operating temp./max.power) 0.53 (1.	
Hvc (voice coil winding depth) 17.0 (0.	
Hag (air gap height)	
Re	, , ,
Mms	
•	, , ,
Cms	
Rms	991 kg/s
NON-LINEAR PARAMETERS	
Le @ Fs (voice coil inductance @ Fs)	109 mH
Le @ 1 kHz (voice coil inductance @ 1 kHz)	
Le @ 20 kHz (voice coil inductance @ 20 kHz)0.7	
Red @ Fs	
Red @ 1 kHz	
Red @ 20 kHz	
Krm	
Kxm1	7.6 mH
Erm	.93



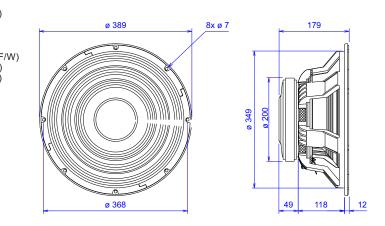
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Magnet material		arium ferrite
Magnet weight	2,640 (92)	g (oz)
Magnet diameter x depth	200 x 24 (7.87 x 0.95)	mm (in)
Magnetic assembly weight	7,000 (15.45)	g (lb)
Frame material		. Aluminum
Frame finish	Black	Silver epoxy
Voice coil material		. Copper
Voice coil former material		. Polyimide
Cone material	Loı	ng fiber pulp
Volume displaced by woofer	6.0 (0.212)	I (ft³)
Net weight	8,520 (18.81)	g (lb)
Gross weight	9,740 (21.50)	g (lb)
Carton dimensions (W x D xH) 40 >	(40 x 18.5 (15.8 x 15.8 x 7.3)	cm (in)

MOUNTING INFORMATION

Number of bolt-holes		. 8
Bolt-hole diameter	7 .0 (0.2	7) mm (in)
Bolt-circle diameter	368 (14.4	9) mm (in)
Baffle cutout diameter (front mount)	351 (13.8	2) mm (in)
Baffle cutout diameter (rear mount)	345 (13.5	8) mm (in)
Connectors	Silver-plate	d push terminals
Polarity	. Positive voltage applie	ed to the positive

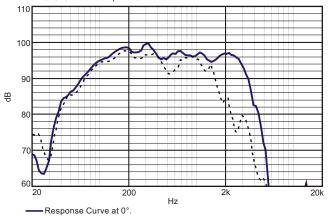
terminal (red) gives forward cone motion





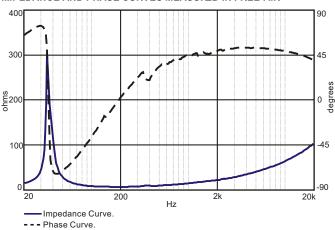
WOOFER 15WS600

RESPONSE CURVES (0° AND 45°) IN A TEST ENCLOSURE INSIDE AN ANECHOIC CHAMBER, 1 W / 1m

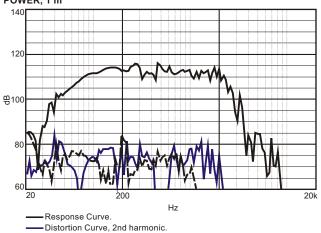


IMPEDANCE AND PHASE CURVES MEASURED IN FREE-AIR

- - - Response Curve at 45°.



HARMONIC DISTORTION CURVES MEASURED AT 10% AES INPUT POWER, 1 $\,\mathrm{m}$

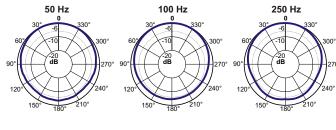


TEST ENCLOSURE

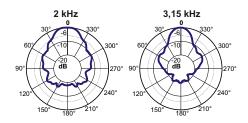
110-liter volume with a duct ø 4" by 1.58" length.

- - - Distortion Curve, 3rd harmonic.

POLAR RESPONSE CURVES







Polar Response Curve.

HOW TO CHOOSE THE RIGHTAMPLIFIER

The power amplifier must be ableto supply twice the RMS driver power. This 3 dB headroom is necessary to handle the peaks that are common to musical programs. When the amplifier clips those peaks, high distortion arises and this may damage the transducer due to excessive heat. The use of compressors is a good practice to reduce music dynamics to safe levels.

FINDING VOICE COIL TEMPERATURE

It is very important to avoid maximum voice coil temperature. Since moving coil resistance $(\mathsf{R}_{\scriptscriptstyle E})$ varies with temperature according to a well known law, we can calculate the temperature inside the voice coil by measuring the voice coil DC resistance:

$$T_{B} = T_{A} = \frac{R_{B}}{R_{A}} = 1 \quad T_{A} = 25 = \frac{1}{25}$$

 T_A , T_B = voice coil temperatures in °C.

 R_A , R_B = voice coil resistances attemperatures T_A and T_B , respectively.

= voice coil wire temperature coefficient at 25 °C.

POWER COMPRESSION

Voice coil resistance rises with temperature, which leads to efficiency reduction. Therefore, if after doubling the applied electric power to the driver we get a 2 dB rise in SPL instead of the expected 3 dB, we can say that power compression equals 1 dB. An efficient cooling system to dissipate voice coil heat is very important to reduce power compression.

NON-LINEAR VOICE COIL PARAMETERS

Due to its close coupling with the magnetic assembly, the voice coil in electrodynamic loudspeakers is a very non-linear circuit. Using the non-linear modeling parameters Krm, Kxm, Erm and Exm from an empirical model, we can calculate voice coil impedance with good accuracy.

SUGGESTED PROJECTS

HB1505A1 HB1505B1 HB1505C1 HB1505D1 HB1505E1 HB1502B1 VB1505A1 VB1505B1 VB1505C1 SD1505A3 SD1505B3 SD1505C3 PAS1MA1 PAS3MA2 PAS3MA3 PAS3G2 RB1505A1 For additional project suggestions, please access our website.

www.selenium.com.br

www.seleniumloudspeakers.com

Cod.:28026134 Rev.: 00 - 01/06